

# Distance Learning Initiative

Introduction to Robotics

**Workspace**

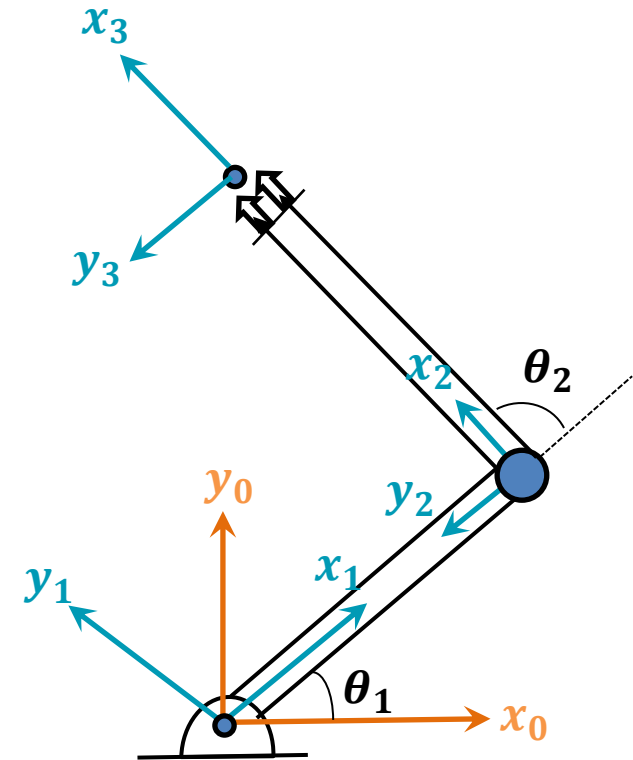
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# Workspace

## Example:

Find the workspace for the planar 2DOF RR robotic arm shown in the figure.



# Workspace

$$x^2 + y^2 = L_1^2 + L_2^2 + 2L_1L_2c_2$$

$$c_2 = \frac{x^2 + y^2 - L_1^2 - L_2^2}{2L_1L_2}$$

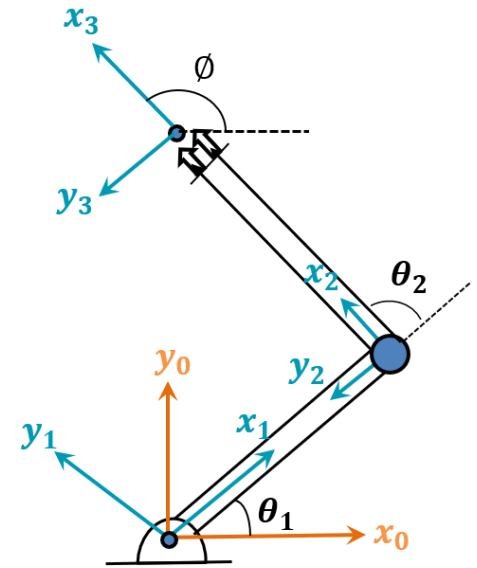
$$-1 \leq c_2 \leq 1$$

$$-1 \leq \frac{x^2 + y^2 - L_1^2 - L_2^2}{2L_1L_2} \leq 1$$

$$-2L_1L_2 \leq x^2 + y^2 - L_1^2 - L_2^2 \leq 2L_1L_2$$

$$L_1^2 - 2L_1L_2 + L_2^2 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq L_1^2 + 2L_1L_2 + L_2^2$$

$$(L_1 - L_2)^2 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq (L_1 + L_2)^2$$



# Workspace

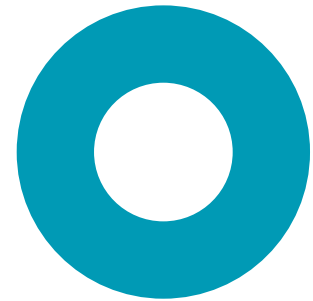
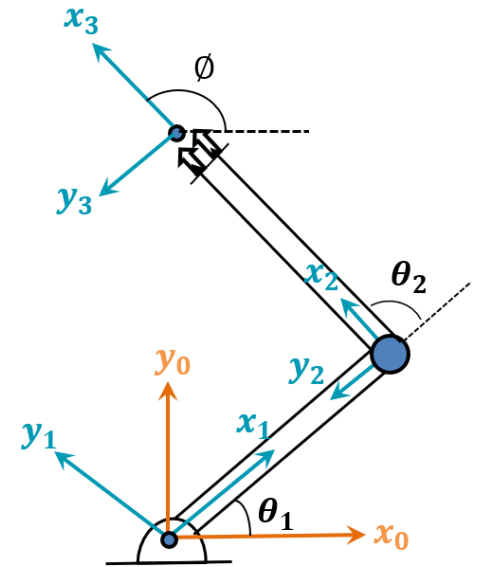
$$(L_1 - L_2)^2 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq (L_1 + L_2)^2$$

Note that the equation of a circle is:

$$(x - x_0)^2 + (y - y_0)^2 = r^2$$

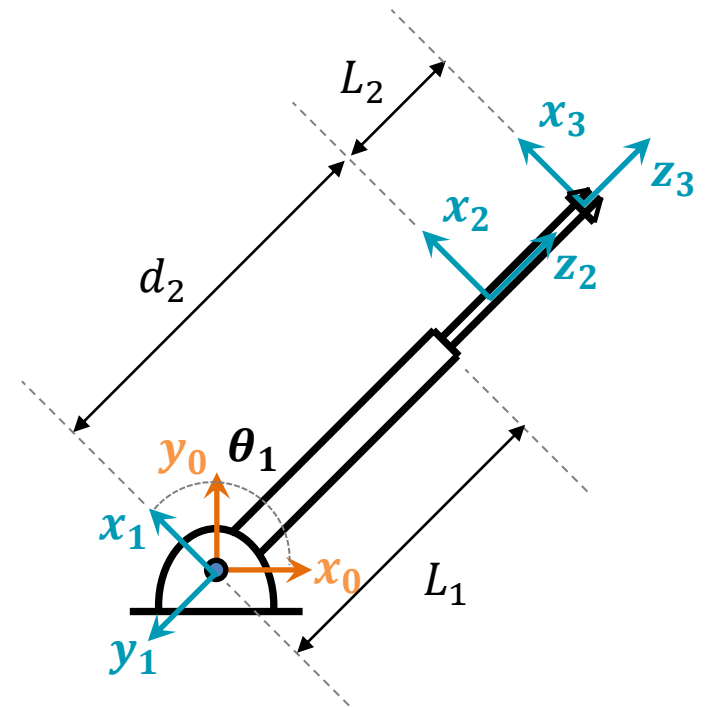
Thus the inequality above can be interpreted as:

The attainable points  $(x, y)$  by the end-effector (i.e. the workspace) create a ring (or annulus) with an inner radius of  $(L_1 - L_2)$  and an outer radius of  $(L_1 + L_2)$ .



# Example

**Example:** find the workspace of the planar 2 DOF RP robotic arm show in the figure?



# Workspace

$$x = (L_2 + d_2)s_1 \quad (1)$$

$$y = -(L_2 + d_2)c_1 \quad (2)$$

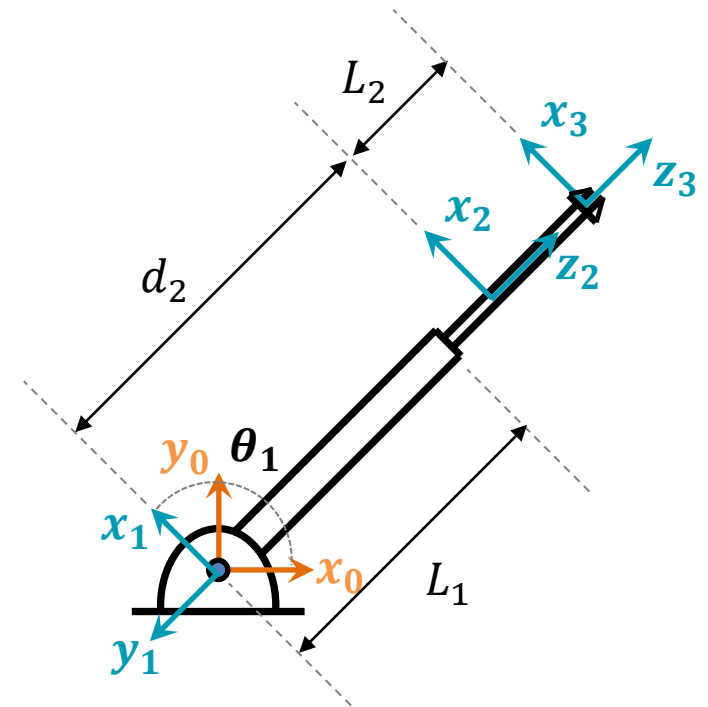
$$\theta_1 = \text{Atan2} \left( \frac{x}{-y} \right)$$

From Eqn (1):

$$x = L_2 s_1 + d_2 s_1$$

$$d_2 s_1 = x - L_2 s_1$$

$$d_2 = \frac{x - L_2 s_1}{s_1}$$



# Workspace

$$x = (L_2 + d_2)s_1 \quad (1)$$

$$y = -(L_2 + d_2)c_1 \quad (2)$$

From [Eqn(1)]<sup>2</sup> + [Eqn(2)]<sup>2</sup>:

$$x^2 + y^2 = [(L_2 + d_2)s_1]^2 + [-(L_2 + d_2)c_1]^2$$

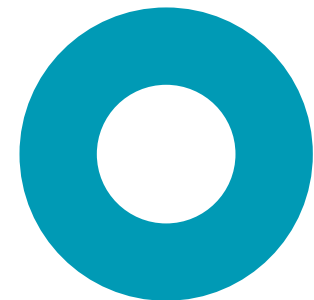
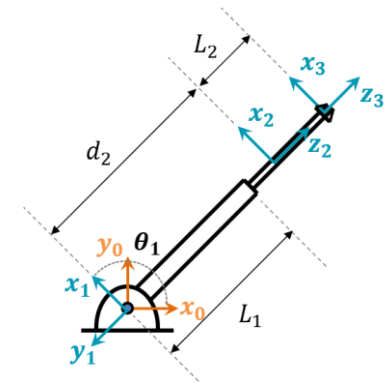
$$x^2 + y^2 = (L_2 + d_2)^2(s_1^2 + c_1^2)$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = (L_2 + d_2)^2$$

This is the equation of a circle with:  
center at: (0,0)

Radius:  $r = L_2 + d_2$

Note:  $d_2$  varies from  $(d_2)_{min}$  to  $(d_2)_{max}$



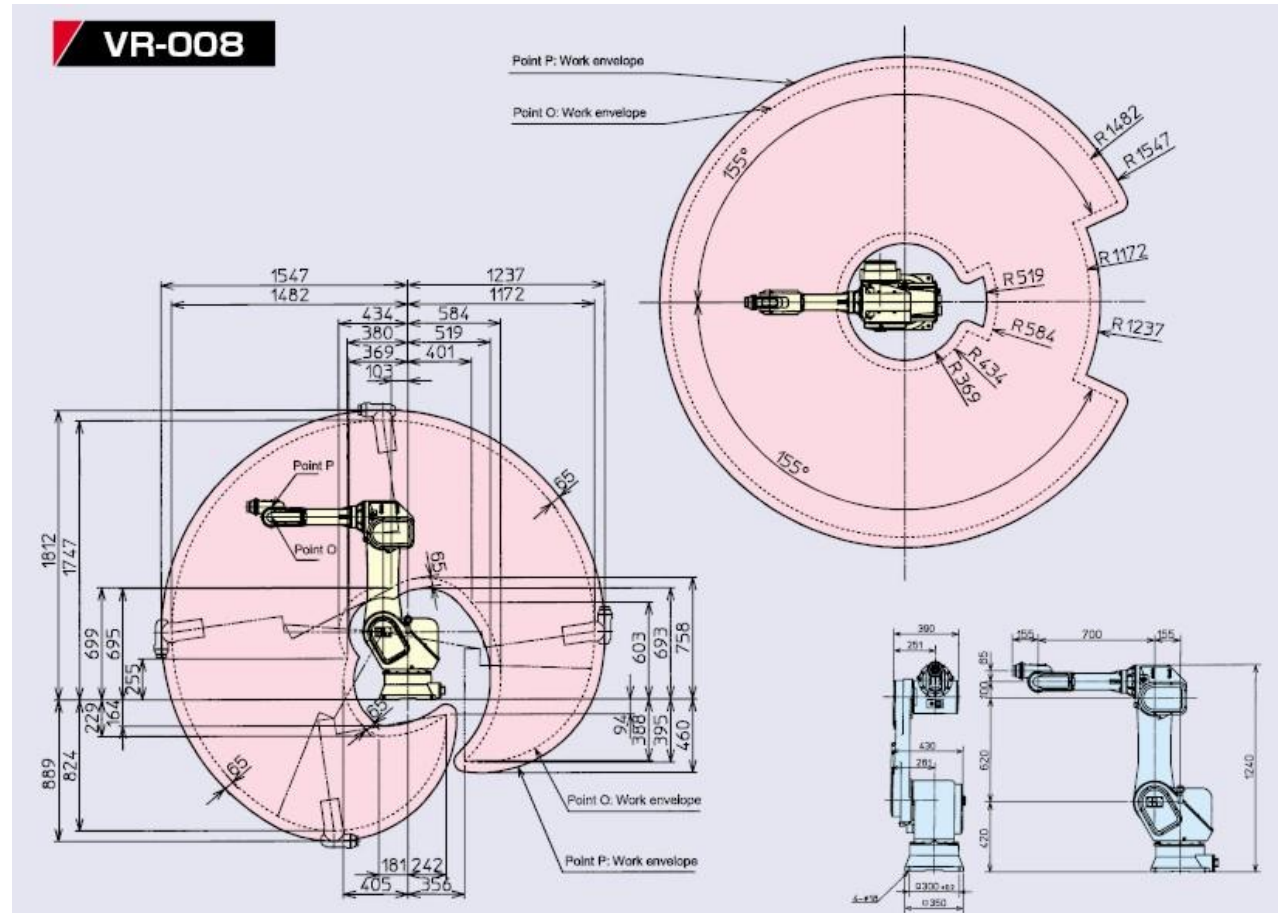
The workspace is a ring  
with:

$$r_i = L_2 + (d_2)_{min}$$

$$r_o = L_2 + (d_2)_{max}$$

# Workspace

**Workspace** of a robotic arm is the set of all possible points that the end-effector can reach.



Panasonic VR-008GII / VR-008GLII

Source: <https://robotics.ca/product/panasonic-vr-008gii-vr-008glli/>



# Workspace

For more details on this subject, please see:

- Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control, by John J. Craig, 3rd Edition, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 2003.
- M. Farman, M. Al-Shaibah, Z. Aoraiath, and F. Jarrar, “Design of a three degrees of freedom robotic arm,” International Journal of Computer Applications, vol. 179(37), pp. 12-17, 2018.